

DOC n° 6 – WP 2.3.2

First draft on: 30th October 2013

Technical report Water Tables



Partner in charge of organisation: Lazio Region
Date of the meeting: 18/10/2013

Local communication report should be addressed to: adrago@regione.lazio.it;
glogatto@regione.lazio.it ; b.sarnari@svimed.eu



1. Name of the event:	SWMED Project. Second Regional Water Table
2. Date:	18/10/2013
3. Location:	Faculty of Economics, University of Rome "Sapienza", in Latina.
4. Participants of the meeting:	See Annex
5. Objectives of the committee:	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Encourage stakeholders to address the specific problems of water resources in the Region. 2. Reasoning about possible solutions and prefigure future operating paths, in view of the preparation of a position paper to be presented to the Lazio Region. 3. Giving continuity and efficiency to the process that began with the first water table and actually involve the public bodies, research centers, water management bodies, environmental and health agencies, citizens' associations and professional bodies in a strategic proposal and policy that can be included in the regional planning documents as, the technical choices for a sustainable use of water resources in the Region.

<p>6. Short description of agenda:</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Environment, withdrawals and water consumption, waste, sewage. 2. Governance, management, administration and legislation
<p>7. Minutes of the meeting:</p>	<p>Table Management and Governance, Administration and legislation: 1 hour and 30 minutes.</p>
<p>8. Main outputs and conclusions:</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Introducing in the master the plan for the aqueducts the obligation of two tubes allowed during the construction: one for the drinking water and the other for non-potable water. 2. Financing in an easier way water saving projects at regional level. 3. Changing the rule on phytoremediation. (According to the current regional law on phytodepuration it is not possible to make phytodepurate waters in settlements with less than 50 people (to be checked). 4. Supplement and amend the rules relating to the management of the territory so as to facilitate buffer strips and/or bands windbreak in order to have a positive impact from the point of view of the landscape and phytodepuration. 5. Forcing/stimulating/sensitizing farmers receiving community funding to carry out the buffer strips. 6. Encourage compensation mechanisms for the provision of environmental services by the agricultural world. 7. Introduce the maximum total permissible load at water basin level.

8. Follow the European directive on waters that put as first act to be performed, the evaluation analysis of pressures and impacts at the water body scale.
9. Pass, in the legislation on permits (DIA, plan construction), from an authorization system/controls towards the assessment of environmental performance.
10. In drafting a plan, to involve the public and the stakeholders around the table before starting to plan instead of doing this at the end of the process.
11. In the water protection plan, to synchronize more the quantitative aspect, the exact load with the spread load, overlooked today.
12. Encourage through the VAS the cross-cutting dialogue in environmental sectors with different skills (agriculture, energy plan, transportation plan, etc ...) interrelated among them.
13. Achieve the water balance at different scales. For cognitive purposes it is normally made at basin level but it is recommended to do it even at the level of the individual uptake.
14. The water protection policy must act in terms of prevention of the load and to provide for the development of the area in order to avoid the creation of the conditions aggravating the state of the resource.
15. Conjugate governance between different institutions and social

	<p>figures in a single framework in which the treatment is not expected until the end but slowed to almost stopping at the source the organic load in excess with systems such as buffer strips.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">16. Involve professional associations to encourage the individual user to introduce interventions aimed at promoting the environmental sustainability of the area.17. Framing policies for the water and soil protection within a general policy of territory protection.18. Accentuate the implementation of the environmental accounting (consumptions and availability within the context of the related ATO) as well as the technical budgets.19. Intervene on the regional water protection plan to encourage the water saving.20. Identification by the Lazio Region of water bodies that could not achieve a good status21. Manage the areas of governance among the municipal plan, the scope plan and the water protection plan.22. Promote a system of privatization of the management of the water resource the English way, in which the private's revenue does not derive from the growth of consumption, but by the ability to innovate while reducing the management costs.
--	---

<p>9. Further steps and expected results:</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6.
<p>10. Advice and suggestions:</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Give the participants the chance to continue, even online, to integrate and deepen the individual issues and proposals discussed in order to have a greater exchange on the contents. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10.
<p>11. Number of attendees per type of audience (public authorities, private structures, etc):</p>	
<p>a. European institutions</p>	
<p>b. State Administrations</p>	5
<p>c. Local and Regional Authorities</p>	10
<p>d. Other public and semi-public bodies</p>	4
<p>e. Private sector actors</p>	6

f. Specific partners

g. Other (i.e. MEDIA)

2

12. Relevant Photos





ANNEX

Please attach the scanned version of the following document (if there are):

Annex

- I. agenda of the water table
- II. the invitation
- III. scanned copy of “communication product” distributed (as folder, flyer, banner, posters etc)
- IV. presentations
- V. the sign sheet
- VI. the articles